MEETING POINT INTERNATIONAL



AUDIT REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

External Auditors:

FELBright & Co, Certified Public Accountants Suite A, Above U-Save Supermarket, Kiwatule Trading Centre, P. O. Box 28174, Kampala. Tel: 0414-575043 Email: <u>mail@felbright.com</u>

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1.0 CORPORATE INFORMATION

1.1 Registered office

Meeting Point International Limited Kireka (Banda B1) P.O. Box 21261 Kampala, Uganda.

1.2 Other Statutory Information

- 1.2.1 NGO Certificate No.4138
- 1.2.2 TIN:1000075751
- 1.2.3 NSSF No:NS013047BUG

1.3 Registered Members

1.3.1	Ms. Rose Busingye	:	Executive Director
1.3.2	Ms. Teddy Bongomin	:	Member
1.3.3	Mr. Emmanuel Ochaya	:	Member
1.3.4	Ms. Vicky Aloyo	:	Member
1.3.5	Mr. Fred Kamihanda	:	Member
1.3.6	Mr. Martin Bichachi	:	Member

1.4 Management

1.4.1	Mr. Fred Kamihanda	:	Chairperson
1.4.2	Mr. Martin Bichachi	:	Deputy Chairperson
1.4.3	Ms. Rose Busingye	:	Executive Director
1.4.4	Mr. Emmanuel Ochaya	:	Secretary
1.4.5	Ms. Teddy Bongomin	:	Treasurer

1.5 Bankers

- 1.5.1 DFCU Bank Uganda Limited, P. O. Box 70 Kampala
- 1.5.2 KCB Bank Uganda Limited P. O. Box 7399 Kampala.

1.6 Appointed Auditors

FELBright & Co, Certified Public Accountants, Suite A, Above U-Save Supermarket, Kiwatule Trading Centre, P. O. Box 28174, Kampala.

2.0 **REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

2.1 Background

MPI is a Ugandan Non-governmental organization operating in the main slums situated in the areas of Banda and Kireka, Kamuli, Naguru, Nakawa, Ntinda, Kitintale, and scattered cases of Luzira.

Its main activities have been the care of people affected and infected by HIV/AIDS and their orphans. There are 13,800 people involved in the activities of MPI, among these 2,300 registered adults (mainly women) living with HIV/AIDS, 1,100 children (several of them orphans) are directly supported by MPI.

The methodology adopted by MPI is offering an effective friendship in which people are not reduced to their conditions, problems or sicknesses; they are looked and embraced for their infinity value and dignity. The services and activities provided are important means for an experience that promotes the awareness of one's own value and therefore, enhances responsibility in facing reality as protagonist and contributes to recreate a communitarian sociality.

2.2 Why International?

When visiting the places where MPI is present, one is struck by the peculiarity of the experience of those who live there. For this reason, many people, even of different nationalities, have personally involved themselves as volunteers or supporters of the activities of MPI; this explains the choice of "International" as part of our name.

2.3 Aim and objectives

The aim is to propagate through cultural and social activities, awareness of the intrinsic value and dignity of human life at all its development stages and levels of maturity The aim is specified into the following objectives:

- Assistance to the suffering victims of HIV/AIDS
- Commitment in poverty alleviation
- Promotion of education at all levels.

Achievements

- MPI has achieved its objectives that were recognized by many, the first was managing to put up two schools, a primary and secondary one through the necklace making. After people recognizing their value, they desired to educate their family members as they themselves are educated.
- Putting together people of different tribes and races who now live as brothers and sisters.
- Number of children supported from nursery to universities 1100.
- 84 children were received, some from streets, others abandoned orphans in Welcoming House.
- 2,300 registered patients and number of clients on antiretroviral drugs.
- Food support and shelter were provided for the old and child headed families
- Youth support and seminars were held both in Europe and Uganda.
- Improved social support, economic empowerment for household through crafts and now they are able to save their own money with 15 different VSLAs.

• 7 different prizes were won from UN, USA, Paris, Italy and Uganda.

Challenges

- MPI seems to be for women and yet it's for all human being. Men are still not free in front of the spread
 of HIV/AIDS. They are still shy to open up for drugs and all other support. They come when the virus is
 in chronic state. They come only when they are dying.
- Funds are increasingly hard to get.
- Educating human beings to be themselves is a long process; many times we become impatient to wait for this slowness.
- Difficult to be understood that development starts from this method. If a human being understands the value he or she is, everything gains value. People think that it's a weak method

Thank you

Thank God that some of our donors' share the same method and some are struck by our method because they see it works. I want to thank them mainly for this support and their economic support. Like the Italian, German and Spanish donors, USAID/SCORE, ISP and private donors and friends.

With heartily gratitude,

Rose Busingye, **Executive Director**.

3.0. AUDIT OBJECTIVES, METHODOLOGY AND PROCEDURES

3.1.0 Audit Objectives

The audit objectives for the assignment were to:

- **3.1.1** Examine the financial statements of Meeting Point International projects and express an opinion as to whether they are fairly presented, in all material respects and in conformity with the funding agreements, the project's status and its operational results for the period under review.
- **3.1.2** Consider the Client's internal control structure in order to assess its effectiveness towards elimination of risk of errors and fraud; and to report on significant internal control deficiencies and material weaknesses with particular reference to:
 - Internal control in the Accounts Department in respect of cash counts bank reconciliations, advance control and accountability, accurate recording of transactions and reporting checks and balances of one's work.
 - Store management including receiving and issuing of items, project segregation store arrangement updating of records and stock counts.
 - Use of Accounting Manual.
 - Control over school fees.
 - Control over vehicle fuel and repairs.
- **3.1.3** Test the Client's compliance with the terms of funding agreements as part of obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, the usage of funds conforms to the relevant financing agreements; and to report on any identified material instances of non-compliance.

3.2.0 Methodology and Procedures

The audit was guided by a strategically driven audit approach to meet audit objectives and some of the audit procedures carried out included: strategic operational and compliance reviews as described below:

- Reviewed terms of reference and oriented the audit team towards achieving the audit objective within the agreed time frame and agreed work plan with management.
- Prepared strategy audit document including tailored audit programs and checklists to meet audit objectives. Identified and reviewed possibilities for relevant strategic risks and evaluated the strategic control environment.
- We conducted systems based audit tests to assess the effectiveness of the internal control system.
- We carried out substantive tests on the significant project cycles as below: Receipts from various donors and Local contributions.
- We reconciled the releases to bank statements to confirm completeness of recording.
- We obtained independent confirmation of the releases from the various donors and local contributions.

3.2.1 Expenditure:

- Vouched payments from cash books and ledgers against respective invoices, and against evidence of
 receipts of goods or services and whether they were checked by management for arithmetic accuracy,
 pricing, condition and authorization.
- Checked completeness of recording and confirmed appropriate categorization of costs to correct eligible budget lines.

3.2.2 Payment to Suppliers:

- We confirmed authorization by MPI management of the respective requisitions and fully vouched these to the supporting documents where applicable.
- We verified completeness of recording for these transactions.

3.2.3 Payroll Costs:

- We reviewed personnel files for sampled employees and agreed paid salaries to signed contracts, payroll, cashbook and staff salaries ledger and related costs ledgers.
- Verified the accuracy of recoveries of advances and agreed completeness of recording to the respective ledgers.

3.2.4 Fixed Assets

- We verified existence and status of the fixed assets by inspection.
- We vouched additions of fixed assets to ensure that they were authorized.
- We computed depreciation in accordance with the pertinent accounting policy.

3.2.5 Bank Balances

- We confirmed balances with banks through certificate of balance.
- We reviewed to confirm whether bank reconciliations are performed on a regular basis and reviewed by a senior official.

3.2.6 Other Audit Procedures

- We reviewed internal controls (see objective 5.1 above) as a basis for detection and reporting of frauds and suspicious transactions. Where we found issues to report to management these are reported in the accompanying Management Letter.
- We made inquiries to establish evidence of any pending litigations for or against the project and verified information for evidence of any related party transactions.
- We reviewed the financial statement of compliance with the Donor Reporting guidelines, and performed tasks to ensure reporting compliance.

3.2.7 Audit Results

Results from the audit are presented under the auditor's report on compliance with funding agreements, the auditor's report on the funds accountability statements, the audited funds accountability statements and a Management Letter to management. All these reports form an integral part of the audit report.

4.0 AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MANAGEMENT COMPLIANCE WITH THE KEY CONVENANTS OF THE FUNDING AGREEMENTS

Determine that all Donor funds have been used in accordance with the agreement terms.

We concluded that donor's funds are used in all material respects in accordance with respective funding agreements.

Determine that goods and services have been procured in accordance with the funding agreement.

We concluded that goods and services were procured in accordance with the relevant funding agreements and in accordance with the Donor Procurement Guidelines and MPI Guidelines

Determine that all necessary supporting documents, records and accounts have been kept in respect of all project expenditures.

We ascertained that all necessary supporting documents, records and accounts were kept in respect of all project expenditures.

Determine that the financial statement has been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by IFAC.

We concluded that the financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard and complied with the Operational Guidelines.

With respect of statements of expenditures, ascertain that the project maintained adequate supporting documentation to support claims for reimbursement for expenditure incurred.

We concluded that adequate supporting documentation was maintained to support claims for reimbursement for expenditure incurred.

Identify, evaluate and report on the Project's Internal Control Structure.

We reviewed the internal control structure of the project. We concluded, based on our review, that the internal control structure was reasonably adequate. Where there were weaknesses, these were mentioned to Management and discussed the appropriate action to be taken to address them.

Determine that the project management complied in all material respects with agreement terms, applicable laws and regulations.

We concluded that there were no known instances of material non-compliances with agreement terms, applicable laws and regulations.

Determine that the project monitoring reports are a reliable basis for disbursement and management of the Account and disbursements.

We reviewed and concluded that the project monitoring reports produced on the monthly basis are a reliable basis for management of the Account and for disbursements.

5.0. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF MEETING POINT INTERNATIONAL

5.1.0 Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

5.1.1 Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Meeting Point International, which comprise the statement of financial position for twelve months period ended 31st December 2018, and the statement of financial performance and statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of MPI as at 31st December 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and the Companies Act 2012.

5.1.2 Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and guidelines issued by the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Uganda. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organisation in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for professional Accountants (IESBA Code)* together with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Uganda, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

5.1.3 Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

S/N	Key Audit Matter	Our Note
1.	Systems Error	
	MPI uses Tally ERP to process financial reports. Included in note 10.13 of the statement of financial position is 250Million being systems error of the accounts	205 Million shown in the trial balance is reported as a system generated amount for which no explanation has been provided. A reconciliation of this amount may have a significant change in the reported figures.

5.2 Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organisation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Meeting Point International management is responsible for ensuring that the funds disbursements are utilized for the purposes for which it was requested for. Management is also responsible for ensuring that MPI maintains proper accounting records that disclose the financial position at the end of the period. Management's responsibility also includes safeguarding the assets of MPI.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process. Management's responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of these funds accountability statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

5.3 Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decision of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's

report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organisation to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation preclude public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

5.4 Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by the companies Act, 2012, we report to you based on our audit, that:

- 5.4.1 We have obtained all information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit; organisation so far as
- 5.4.2 In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the appears from our examination of those books; and
- 5.4.3 The organisation's statement of financial position and statement of Performance are in agreement with the books of account.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors report is **CPA Florence Lawil Emojong (P0302)**

For and on behalf of FELBright & Co, Certified Public accountants of Uganda

CPA Emojong-Odeke Joram (P0146) Managing Partner Date KAMPALA

6.0 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS Notes		2018 Shs	2017 Shs
Noncurrent Assets			
Plant, Property and equipment	10.1	97,123,017	100,716,644
Leasehold Property	10.2	2,180,701,515	2,186,154,478
Intangible Asset	10.3	0	4,123,722
		2,277,824,532	2,290,994,844
Current Assets			
Inventory	10.4	43,277,262	79,184,574
Receivables	10.5	67,647,284	84,392,900
Cash at hand	10.7	18,597,508	91,640,736
Bank balance	10.8	3,139,762,648	2,761,990,861
		3,269,284,702	3,017,209,071
		5,547,109,234	5,308,203,915
FUND AND LIABILITIES Fund Balance			
Capital Fund	10.9	2,277,824,533	2,290,994,844
General Fund	10.10	3,339,998,084	2,759,497,050
		5,617,822,617	5,050,491,894
Liabilities			
Payables	10.11	179,821,232	34,930,273
Due to Project Partner	10.12	-	129,737,962
Diff in Opening balance	10.13	(250,534,613)	93,043,785
		(70,713,381)	257,712,019
		5,547,109,236	5,308,203,913

This financial statement and the notes which appear on pages 18 to 24 were approved by the directors and were signed by:-

Executive Director, Kampala. Treasurer, Kampala.

7.0 STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE

	Notes	2018	2017
INCOME		Shs	Shs
Donations	10.14	2,043,369,271	1,702,949,878
Gift Money	10.15	18,774,156	13,078,582
Other Income	10.16	241,293,806	268,906,319
Interest Income		-	98,538
		2,303,437,233	1,985,033,317
EXPENDITURES			
Administration expenses	10.17	261,828,959	250,544,051
Activities Costs	10.18	1,437,075,704	1,091,445,063
		1,698,904,663	1,341,989,114
Operational Surplus /(Deficit)		604,532,570	643,044,203
Note: The accounts shall be read in conju	nction with the notes		,

8.0 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		2018	2017
	Notes	Shs	Shs
Cash flows from operating activities			
Operating Surplus / (deficit)		604,532,570	643,044,203
Adjustment for:			
Prepaid lease	10.2	5,452,963	5,452,963
Depreciation	10.1	27,625,163	29,773,653
Amortization of software	10.3	4,123,721	4,123,721
Transfer from general to capital fund	10.10	(24,031,536)	(45,878,752)
		617,702,881	636,515,788
changes in working capital			
Decrease in Inventory	10.4	35,907,312	(79,184,574)
Decrease in receivables and prepayments	10.5	16,745,616	(16,575,300)
Increase in Payables and accruals	10.11	144,890,959	679,565
Decrease in amount due to partners	10.12	(129,737,962)	(491,307,126)
Cash flow from operation activities		685,508,806	50,128,353
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of Fixed Assets	10.1	(24,031,536)	(107,878,752)
		661,477,270	(57,750,399)
Cash flow from Financing activities			
Increase (decrease) in capital reserves	10.8	(13,170,311)	68,528,415
Suspense		(343,578,398)	93,043,785
Net increase in cash & cash equivalent		304,728,561	103,821,801
cash and cash equivalent at 1-01-2018		2,853,631,596	2,749,809,795
cash and cash equivalent at 31-12-2018		3,158,360,157	2,853,631,596
Cash and Bank			
Cash	10.7	18,597,508	91,640,736
Bank	10.8	3,139,762,648	2,761,990,861
		3,158,360,156	2,853,631,597

9.0 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES USED

Highlighted below (in notes 9.1 to 9.14) are policies and regulations which guided preparation of the accounts

9.1 Status of accounting entity

MPI is a Ugandan Non-governmental organization registered as an entity under the Non-Governmental Organizations Registration Statute; 1989. The accounts are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

9.2 Basis of preparation of accounts

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The measurement basis used is the historical cost basis except where otherwise stated in the accounting policies.

9.3 Historical cost Convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention which states that businesses must record and account for most assets and liabilities at their purchase or acquisition price i.e. the amount actually paid for the assets or incurred for the liability.

9.4 Accrual concept basis

Financial statements are prepared on accrual basis and hence expenses and revenues are recorded in the period they occur, whether or not cash is involved.

9.5 Going concern basis

IAS 1 considers disclosures required in relation to material uncertainties' related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

9.6 Currency of presenting the accounts (Reporting Currency)

The accounts are presented in Uganda Shillings (Ushs) which is also the functional currency.

9.7 Translation of foreign currencies

- Monetary assets and monetary liabilities that are expressed in foreign currencies are translated into Uganda shillings at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.
- Transactions during the year are translated at the rates ruling at the time of the transaction. Gains and losses arising from the translation are dealt with in the income and expenditure statement and shown as foreign exchange gain or (loss).
- Balances held at the end of the year are translated into Uganda Shillings at the rate prevailing on 31st December 2018.

9.8 Recognition of items of Property, Plant and Equipment in the books (Fixed Assets)

- All items of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) recognized in the books initially at cost. Costs include borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production.
- However, all property, plant and equipment are stated in the financial statements at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

9.9 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets on a reducing balance basis using annual rates determined by considering their estimated useful lives as follows.

	Buildings	2.0%
•	Equipment's and Furniture	12.5%
•	Motor vehicles	25%
	•	00.000/

Computers 33.33%

9.10 Accounts Receivable and prepayments

Sales not yet realised as cash are recognised in the books as debtors. Debtors are shown in the accounts net of bad debts.

9.11 Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, the year-end cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and at bank, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

9.12 Accounts payable and Accruals

All expenses must be matched in the same accounting period as the revenues they helped to earn. Consequent bills are recognised as creditors in the accounts.

9.13 Income & Expenditure

- Income is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable. Meeting Point International generally recognizes income when earned and expenditures when incurred.
- Donations both in cash and in kind is recognised when received.

9.14 Taxation

Tax if any is computed and income tax returns filed according to the provisions of Income Tax Act Cap 340.

10.0 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

10.1(a) Property, Plant and Equipment (2018)

	Furniture and Fittings	Computer Accessories	Motor Vehicle	Equipment	Total
Cost / Valuation	Ū				
At 1.1.2018	26,880,552	38,981,300	128,250,000	14,355,700	208,467,552
Additions	11,629,600	11,339,700	0	1,062,236	24,031,536
At 31.12.2018	38,510,152	50,321,000	128,250,000	15,417,936	232,499,088
Depreciation					
At 1.1.2018	5,063,463	22,567,057	78,246,048	1,874,340	107,750,908
Charge for the Year	4,180,836	9,250,389	12,500,988	1,692,950	27,625,163
At 31.12.2018	9,244,299	31,817,446	90,747,036	3,567,290	135,376,071
NBV	29,265,853	18,503,554	37,502,964	11,850,646	97,123,017

10.1(b) Property, Plant and Equipment (2017)

	Furniture and Fittings	Computer Accessories	Motor Vehicle	Equipment	Total
Cost / Valuation					
At 1.1.2017	12,127,200	21,481,300	66,250,000	730,300	100,588,800
Additions	14,753,352	17,500,000	62,000,000	13,625,400	107,878,752
At 31.12.2017	26,880,552	38,981,300	128,250,000	14,355,700	208,467,552
Depreciation					
At 1.1.2017	1,946,736	14,361,167	61,578,064	91,288	77,977,255
Charge for the year	3,116,727	8,205,890	16,667,984	1,783,052	29,773,653
At 31.12.2017	5,063,463	22,567,058	78,246,048	1,874,339	107,750,908
NBV at 31.12.2017	21,817,089	16,414,242	50,003,952	12,481,361	100,716,644

10.2 Leasehold property

	2018	2017
	Shs	Shs
Cost 1.1.2018	2,186,154,478	2,191,607,441
Amortisation	(5,452,963)	(5,452,963)
Balance at 31.12.2018	2,180,701,515	2,186,154,478

Leasehold land is comprised of land and buildings:

- On plot No.596, block 243, Nakawa division, Luzira, Kampala for 99years starting 1st January 2012
- On plot No. 579, block 243, Kyadondo , Mengo for 99 years starting 1st June 2005
- Plot 64, KataleRoad , for 49 years starting 1stDecember2016
- Plot 579, block 243 Mutungo.

10.3 Intangible asset

10.4

Balance brought forward Amortization for the year Closing Balance Inventory	2018 Shs 4,123,721 (4,123,721) 0	2017 Shs 8,247,443 (4,123,721) 4,123,722
	2018	2017
	Shs	Shs
Cleaning materials	1,931,111	3,581,644
Craft	28,066,097	55,584,800
Drugs	5,899,974	9,873,736
Food items	2,263,037	3,322,107
Stationery	2,487,043	4,384,287
General care	2,630,000	2,438,000
	43,277,262	79,184,574

10.5 Accounts Receivable

	2018	2017
	Shs	Shs
AVSI-USA	3,310,000	0
AVSI-MILANO	51,089,884	50,129,600
Bad debts recoverable	7,698,000	6,878,000

	IGA to MPI Clients		2,750,000	5,120,000
	Support international		2,799,400	0
	Sundry Debtors		22,265,300	22,265,300
			67,647,284	84,392,900
10.7	Cash			
			2018	2017
			Shs	Shs
	Cash General		475,320	504,629
	Advance Money		2,552,494	5,406,577
	Cash first		1,000,069	3,450,000
	Cash at hand Euros		14,569,625	78,284,360
	Cash at hand Dollars		0	3,995,169
			18,597,508	91,640,735
10.8	Bank			
			2018	2017
		Note	Shs	Shs
	DFCU DSP Support	(i)	13,482,758	16,022,893
	DFCU MPI Ushs	(ii)	4,170,689	4,049,518
	DFCU OVC	(iii)	1,739,342	43,154,928
	DFCU Euros	(iv)	291,914,884	668,735,144
	DFCU USD	(v)	23,131,850	11,172,514
	KCB MPI Ushs	(vi)	7,663,485	42,779,767
	KCB MPI Usd	(viii)	13,591,931	31,566,764
	KCB MPI Euros	(vii)	2,771,182,486	1,944,509,336
	KCB MPI OVC	(iX)	12,885,221 3,139,762,648	0

Key

- i) DFCUBank DSP Support- 01983501008004
- ii) DFCU MPI Bank -01983001000613
- iii) DFCU Bank OVC- 1002011020001773
- iv) DFCU Bank Euros-08983501000058
- v) DFCU Bank USD- 02983001000562
- vi) KCB MPI Ushs- 2290241474
- vii) KCB MPI Euros- 2290241482
- viii) KCB MPI USD- 2290241490
- ix) KCB MPI OVC- 2290937193

10.9 Capital Fund

	2018	2017
	Shs	Shs
Balance at 1.1.2018	2,290,994,844	2,222,466,429
Capital expend. From General Fund	24,031,536	107,878,752
	2,315,026,380	2,330,345,181
Depreciation for the year	(27,625,163)	(29,773,653)
Amortization of software	(4,123,721)	(4,123,721)
Amortization for leasehold		
property	(5,452,963)	(5,452,963)
Balance at 31.12.2018	2,277,824,533	2,290,994,844

A Capital Fund is maintained equal to the written-down value of noncurrent assets. Depreciation charged to this fund.

10.10 General Fund

The balance on this account represents accumulated surpluses as follows:

	2018	2017
	Shs	Shs
Balance at 1.1.2018 Asset purchase transfer to Capital	2,759,497,050	2,162,331,599
Fund	(24,031,536)	(45,878,752)
Surplus / (deficit) for the year	604,532,570	643,044,203
	3,339,998,084	2,759,497,050

10.11 Accounts Payable

	2018	2017
	Shs	Shs
Audit Fees	5,900,000	5,900,000
Accrued expenses	4,276,001	114,000
ABBRACCI SENZA FRONTIERE	6,827,858	21,888,064
ABS GIOVANNI SCOLARO	10,730,064	1,815,264
Dwelling Services Ltd	2,303,673	-
Rhino Global Enterprises	145,954,240	-
Walusimbi Garage Ltd	3,449,395	-
Aber Alice Rose	190,000	-
Okumu Emmanuel	190,000	-
Endeavour Africa Group	-	3,079,800
Securex Agencies	-	259,600
Vodafone	-	1,873,545
	179,821,232	34,930,273

10.12 Due to project partner

In the previous year 2017, MPI received a grant and part of it was to be transferred to partner projects in LGHS and LGPPS. However, at the end of that year 2017, this transfer had not yet been made but was completed in 2018.

10.13 Difference in opening balance

The amount is a balance presented in the trial balance generated from Tally ERP an accounting software used by MPI. Reconciliation of this amount could clear it to zero.

10.14 Donations and Grant Income

		2018	2017
		Shs	Shs
	Grant Income	1,704,588,126	1,253,230,490
	Donations	338,781,145	449,719,388
		2,043,369,271	1,702,949,878
10.15	Gift Money		
		2018	2017
		Shs	Shs
	Gift money	18,774,156	13,078,582
		18,774,156	13,078,582
10.16	Other Income		
		2018	2017
		Shs	Shs
	Other activities	6,975,000	834,273
	Exchange gain/(Loss)	234,318,806	268,072,046
	Interest earned (Shs)	0	98,538
		241,293,806	269,004,857
10.17	Administration expenses		
		2018	2017
		Shs	Shs
	Operational Costs	255,928,959	244,644,051
	Audit Fees	5,900,000	5,900,000
		261,828,959	250,544,051
10.18	Activities cost		
		2018	2017
		Shs	Shs
	Patients care	66,080,356	49,325,611

	1,437,075,704	1,091,445,063
women's activities	334,460,947	90,856,025
Hand craft training	37,784,930	13,542,220
Welcoming House	135,869,910	50,867,623
LGPPS/LGHS	31,540,100	20,675,631
Scholarships	831,339,461	804,177,953

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